

Smarter steels for people and planet

November 2023



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Forward-Looking Statements

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Devastating accident in Kazakhstan

Kostenko coal mine accident:

- 252 colleagues were working underground. 206 were safely evacuated
- Tragically, we lost 46 colleagues in this accident
- No words can do justice to the pain and heartbreak this devastating accident has caused
- We will always remember October 28, 2023, as the saddest day in our Company's history
- A Special Commission, led by Prime Minister Smailov, has been set up to investigate the accident

Our immediate response:

- We are providing support for the bereaved families, including:
 - covering all funeral and memorial expenses,
 - a one-off payment equivalent to 10 years' salary,
 - purchasing housing,
 - repaying personal loans (deceased and family members),
 - and covering education fees for children up to the age of 23
- Providing post-traumatic psychological support and developing individual health recovery plans
- A full internal review of ArcelorMittal's Group-wide safety program is underway



We are commissioning a comprehensive 3rd party audit of all our safety practices

- Following the devastating accident at the Kostenko mine in Kazakhstan, it is clear that we must do
 more to ensure that ArcelorMittal is set up to achieve the required safety transformation as swiftly as
 possible
- The Company is in the process of commissioning a 3rd party to undertake a comprehensive audit of all the Group's safety practices
- The scope of the audit will cover our complete management of health and safety: from policies, governance, processes and procedures, standards, in field assessments of both occupational safety and process safety, training, competencies, and our performance
- The recommendations of the audit will be published



While the audit is underway, we are building on and accelerating our existing safety improvement activities

- In recent years, the Company has relaunched its safety strategy with a focus on twin pillars of risk management and cultural change:
 - The Group's health and safety policy strengthened and relaunched, including enhanced governance at the Board Sustainability Committee, since the beginning of 2022
 - In April 2023, an external consultant conducted a safety perception survey (covering 220,000 personnel including contractors), resulting in new bespoke action plans developed for all sites and segments
 - Leaders have been required to demonstrate more progress in safety culture maturity, with mandatory leadership shop floor presence, and site safety training programs
 - We have intensified training/coaching programs, including with external support, to improve quality of leadership's safety routines (i.e. shop floor interactions) as well as increased cross training to benchmark and align best practices
 - Fatality Prevention Standards ("FPS") are internally audited and will now be externally audited
 - Where seriously unsafe incident takes place or a plant is deemed to be at risk of a serious incident or fatality, we have established a 'quarantine' process of intensified communication and safety interactions
- The Group's steel operations (excluding CIS) are fatality free for own employees in 2023 year-to-date¹ and including contractors, the fatality frequency rate ("FFR") has also considerably improved and is 40% better than the record World Steel Association average



Progress overview

Strategic update

Key 9M'23 figures:

- \$6.3bn EBITDA
- \$3.9bn net income
- \$4.59 EPS
- \$66/sh book value
- 9.4%¹ ROE

Decarbonization:

Targets: 2030 targets set (25% CO2e reduction globally, 35% for Europe)

Progress:

- Advancing FEED stage on DRI/EAF projects: Capex approved to commence onsite preparation works at Dunkirk and Gent and increase the connectivity to 3rd party energy supplies
- Renewables projects progressing well: India: 1GW project on track for commissioning 1H'24; Brazil: 554MW wind power project JV with Casa dos Ventos; Argentina: 130MW solar and wind project (of which 1/3 commercial operations started Oct'23)

Strategic growth:

Acquisitions: Pecem (1Q'23) and Texas HBI plant (2Q'22) estimated to add normalized EBITDA of ~\$0.5bn

Organic growth in high value projects:

- Ongoing investments in Mexico, Brazil, Liberia, electrical steel and renewables
- \$3.0bn strategic capex envelope outstanding at 9M'23 (through end of 2026); \$1.0bn additional EBITDA to be captured

JV growth progressing well:

- AMNS India Hazira plant expansion to ~15Mt capacity by 2026
- EAF in US (Calvert) ongoing

Capital returns:

Balanced capital return policy: minimum 50% of post-dividend annual FCF is returned through buybacks

9M'23 FCF generation of \$1.0bn \rightarrow

\$0.2bn dividends paid (further \$0.2bn due in 4Q'23) and \$0.7bn returned through buy backs²

Ongoing buybacks: Company has repurchased 26.2m shares during 9M'23 including 7.1m from the current 85m share buy back program

Consistent returns: 32% reduction in the number of fully diluted shares outstanding since Sept 30, 2020, at average price of \in 24.49

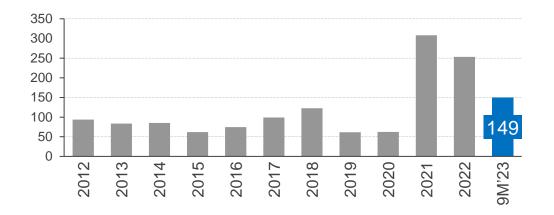
Focussed on creating sustainable value

1. ROE (Return on Equity) is calculated as trailing twelve-month net income (excl. impairment charges and exceptional items) attributable to equity holders of the parent divided by the average equity attributable to the equity holders of the parent over the period; 2. Of which \$0.1bn related to 2022 return



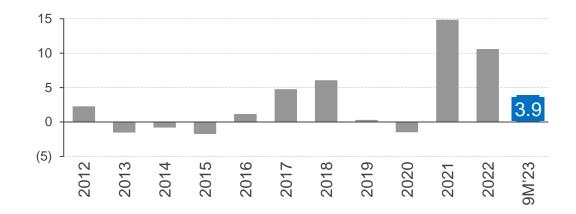
ArcelorMittal results reflecting structural improvement

Reported EBITDA/t (\$/t)



- Strengthened asset portfolio and improvements made to the cost base supporting higher per ton profitability
- 9M'23 EBITDA/t is above average levels achieved in the 2012-2022 period, despite the macro environment and company-specific challenges

Adjusted net income (\$bn)¹



- 9M'23 net income¹ is more than double the average levels achieved since 2012
- This reflects the growing contribution from JV's and the lower cost balance sheet
- Net income¹ and ROE structurally improved



What is driving ArcelorMittal's future growth?

Population growth Driven by emerging markets



Energy transition Steel is a vital enabler



300Mt (+35%) Ex-China steel demand growth over next decade +100Mt (100%) India 30% growth in Brazil demand 15% growth in Europe and US

US IRA: Equivalent to additional ~5% US flat steel demand annually (upside potential due to IRA ~9%)

Europe transition to low carbon: Equivalent to additional ~4-5% European flat steel demand annually

Improving living standards Driven by emerging markets



Supply chain security Driven by all markets



New mobility systems Driven by all markets



Circular economy Steel is infinitely recyclable







Decarbonization progress

Phase 1 through 2030

| Securing decarbonization resources | 130MW solar and wind project in Argentina (of which 1/3 commercial operations started Oct'23) 1GW renewable energy project in India on track for completion in 1H 2024 ArcelorMittal Brasil formed a renewable energy JV with Casa dos Ventos to construct 554MW wind power project (2025) Four scrap recycling businesses acquired in UK/Europe with combined collection capacity of 1.3Mt Accessing high quality DRI through acquisition of Texas HBI and organic investments (Canada DRI pellet conversion project, Serra Azul pellet feed) |
|--|--|
| Developing and implementing new smart carbon/new technologies | Smart carbon project underway in Ghent (Belgium); first ethanol produced and waste wood replacing coal (Torero) Developing strategies and technologies to harness carbon capture and storage Announced plans to build industrial-scale direct electrolysis plant (Volteron[™]) |
| Transition from BF to DRI-EAF | Plans submitted for integrated sites in France, Germany, Belgium, Spain and Canada Engaging with country Governments to provide greater visibility on energy costs and capital costs to enable these projects to move to the next phase of development Advancing to FEED stage for DRI/EAF projects Capex approved to commence onsite preparation works at Dunkirk (France) and Gent (Belgium) and increase the connectivity to third-party energy supplies in anticipation of future increased requirements |
| | Construction |

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Note: Front End Engineering Design, or FEED, is an engineering and project management approach undertaken before detailed engineering, procurement, and construction. This crucial phase helps manage project risks and thoroughly prepare for the project's execution. It directly follows the pre-FEED phase during which the concept is selected, and the feasibility of available options is studied

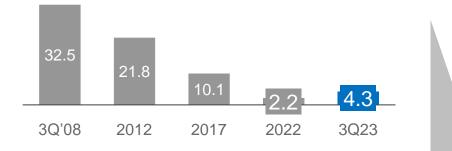


Balance sheet & capital allocation

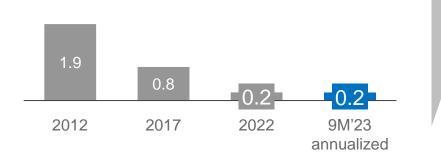
Our balance sheet is a strong foundation for growth and shareholder returns

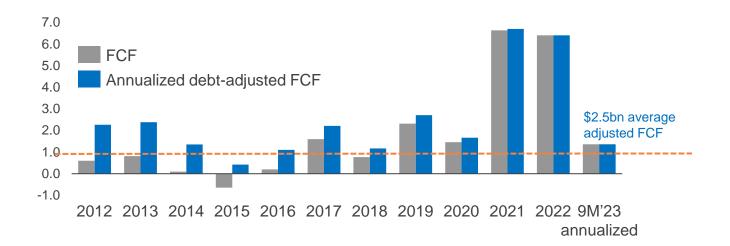
Strong balance sheet (Net debt, \$bn)





Lower interest cost supports FCF conversion (annual interest cost, \$bn)



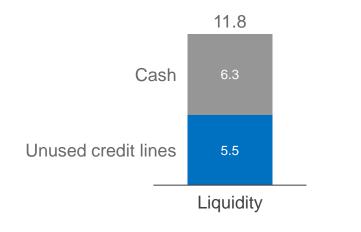


- Adjusting historical reported FCF for (FY'22 interest expense²: Business would have been FCF positive in all years since 2012)
- Average annual FCF would have been \$2.5bn

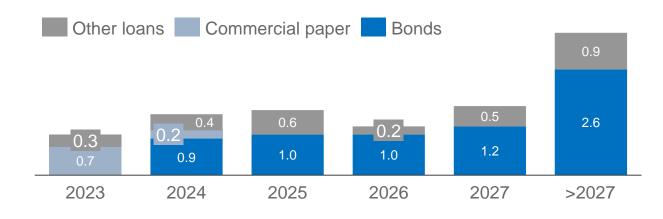


Strong balance sheet

Liquidity¹ at September 30, 2023 (\$bn)



Debt maturities at September 30, 2023 (\$bn)



Liquidity lines

- \$5.5bn lines of credit refinanced
 - \$5.4bn maturity Dec 19, 2025, and \$0.1bn maturity Dec 19, 2023
 - On April 30, 2021, ArcelorMittal amended its \$5.5bn RCF to align with its sustainability and climate action strategy

Debt²

- Continued strong liquidity
- Average debt maturity \rightarrow 5.9 Years

Ratings

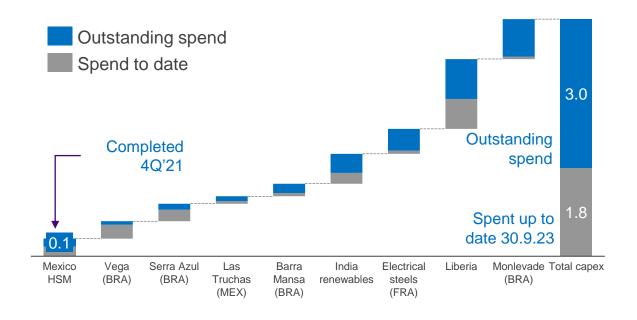
- S&P: BBB-, positive outlook
- Moody's: Baa3, stable outlook



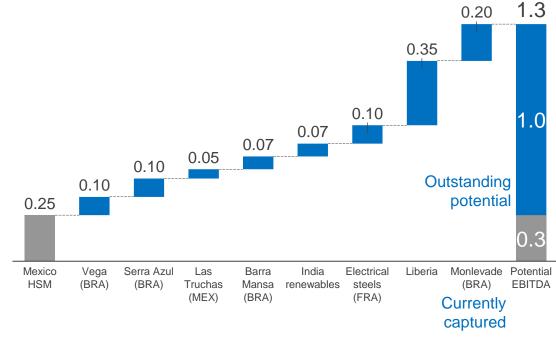
Organic investment in a portfolio of high return projects

• FY'23 capex to be towards the mid-point of the previously communicated guidance range (\$4.5bn-\$5.0bn)





Potential EBITDA impacts¹ (\$bn)





Consistent capital returned to shareholders

- Having achieved its balance sheet targets, ArcelorMittal adopted a prudent and flexible capital allocation and return policy
- Fixed component: Conservative base dividend to be progressively increased over time
- Variable component: Minimum 50% of post-dividend free cash flow returned to shareholders



\$1bn FCF generated in 9M'23

9M'23 FCF has been impacted by \$0.9bn working capital investment; this investment (and more) is expected to be reversed in 4Q'23, providing a support to FCF **\$0.2bn** dividends paid to ArcelorMittal shareholders with a further \$0.2bn in 4Q'23

\$0.7bn returned through buy backs1



Smarter steels for people and planet

| Improving safety | Safety is our number one value Commissioning a comprehensive 3rd party audit of all our safety practices While the audit is underway, we are building on and accelerating our existing safety improvement activities |
|--|---|
| World class operations | Applying world-class equipment and procedures that achieve our objectives in the safest and most efficient ways Delivering innovative solutions with recognised quality and service Maintain cost competitiveness |
| Driving decarbonization of the steel industry | Driving decarbonization globally Delivering low carbon steel for our evolving customer needs Driving technology solutions for low-carbon intensity steel making |
| Strategic growth | Investing in high-return projects to drive higher normalised profitability Increasing contribution from JV & Associates as capacity grows Strategic capital invested to advance growth and decarbonization strategy Healthy consistent returns to shareholders |

Building sustainable long term value



Appendix

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Transfer ownership of ArcelorMittal Temirtau, Kazakhstan

- On October 22, 2023, a preliminary agreement was signed with the Government of Kazakhstan for the transfer of ownership of ArcelorMittal Temirtau¹ to the Republic of Kazakhstan
- The Company is focussed on concluding this transaction as soon as possible
- Once a binding agreement is entered into and the transactions is closed the net assets will be deconsolidated. It should be noted that:
 - As of September 30, 2023, the current carrying value of the Temirtau assets (steel and mining) is \$1.8bn
 - Functional currency of ArcelorMittal Temirtau is the Tenge and therefore carrying values are subject to FOREX translation gains/losses recognized in equity upon translation into USD
 - Since the acquisition of this asset in 1995, ArcelorMittal has recorded ~\$1.3bn of FOREX losses in equity
 - Upon disposal of the foreign operation, such cumulative FOREX differences are recycled in P&L (i.e. total equity remains unchanged)



ArcelorMittal Temirtau key facts

- ~33K own FTE employees
- 3 BFs with production capacity of 4.2Mt; 4 captive iron ore mining operations and 8 captive underground coal mines located in Karaganda
- 2022 crude steel production of 3.4Mt and steel shipments of 3.1Mt
- Average annual capex from 2013-2022 of \$0.25bn (~8% of Group spend)
- Excluding the exceptional period 2021, average EBITDA of \$0.3bn; 9M'23 EBITDA negative



Sustainable development

Decarbonization progress – projects and commercial momentum

Decarbonization projects advancing

BF - DRI EAF projects journey to decarbonization

- 2Q'23 status Finalising pre-FEED (including commitments with core process equipment suppliers (DRI & EAF) to lock schedule for supply)
- Current status Advancing FEED stage
 - Capex approved to commence onsite preparation works at Dunkirk (France) and Gent (Belgium) and increase the connectivity to third-party energy supplies in anticipation of future increased requirements

XCarb RRP gaining commercial momentum

XCarb® recycled and renewably produced¹: A broadening range of products

| Product | CO2 emissions reduction ² |
|---|---|
| Magnelis [®] coated products ³ for solar, autos, etc | 70 |
| | % |
| Tubular products for building frames, solar structures, windmills, etc | 75 % |
| Heavy plate S355 for civil engineering, wind towers | 65 % |

Global R&D division is working extensively to explore new steel grade feasibilities for XCarb[®] recycled and renewably produced steel paving the way for XCarb[®] with DRI



1. XCarb recycled and renewably produced ("RRP") is made with a high scrap content and 100% renewables; 2. All three CO2 emission reductions are a comparison of our XCarb® recycled and renewably produced EPDs (Environmental Product Declarations as per EN 15804) versus our regular EPDs based on BF route. 3. Magnelis® to offer resistance of up to 30 years lifetime in atmospheric conditions;

Our renewable energy projects continue to progress

Renewable energy a key 'resource' for decarbonized steel making

| Argentina | |
|-----------|--|
| (4Q 2023) | |

- \$0.2bn JV with PCR; first hybrid solar and wind energy project in Argentina
- >30% of Acindar's electricity requirements by 2024

554MW wind power project JV with Casa dos Ventos

Construction starting 4Q 2023; completion expected 2025

36MW entered commercial operations in Oct'23; 75MW due by year end

| India | |
|-----------|--|
| (1H 2024) | |

Brazil¹

(2025)

- \$0.6bn investment combining solar and wind power (975MW)
- AM Green Energy is expected to provide over 20% of AMNS India's Hazira plant electricity requirements

• The JV is expected to provide 38% of ArcelorMittal Brasil's future electricity

On schedule for completion in 1H 2024







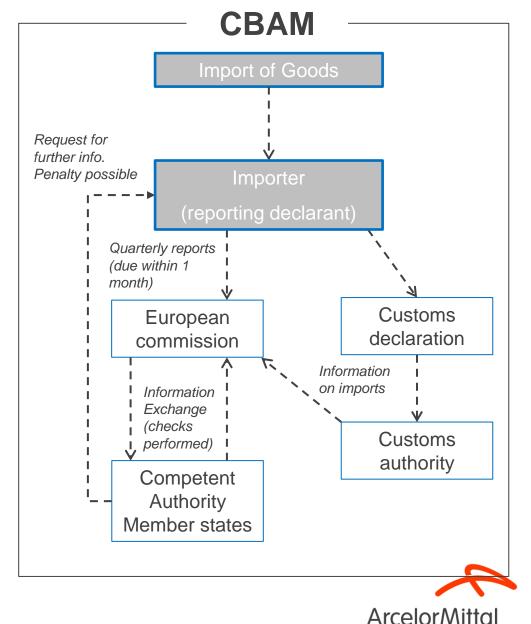
needs in 2030

CBAM to level the playing field; transition monitoring underway

CBAM¹ will play an important role to ensure a level playing field on carbon - to equalise the cost of carbon between domestic products and imports, but improvements are needed to achieve this

- EU Importers must report quarterly on the volume of their imports, total embedded and indirect emissions and carbon costs due in the country of origin for the goods imported
 - Calculation requires splitting the installation into relevant CBAM production processes as different monitoring rules may apply e.g. sinter plant, BF etc
 - Transition period (Oct 1, 2023 Dec 31, 2025) with no financial obligation but penalties maybe imposed for failing to report.
 - From Jan 1, 2026, financial obligation starts. Phase out of free allocation (ETS) and phase in of CBAM

In its provisional form CBAM adds friction in the system. Importers are required to submit significant information adding complexity and administrative burden



Sustainable governance

- Board oversight of sustainable progress each quarter by the Board Sustainability Committee → three independent directors, chaired by Clarissa Lins
- Accountability for Sustainability is led by the Executive Vice President, Business Optimisation, reporting directly to the Executive Office
- The Climate Change Panel's mandate is to position ArcelorMittal as a global leader on climate change and provides recommendations to the Board Sustainability Committee
- The Sustainable Development Panel's role is to strengthen the company's environmental, social and governance (ESG) oversight
- Diversity & Inclusion Governance is led by the Global Diversity and Inclusion Panel which acts as an informed representative of the group
- The Investment Allocations Committee authorises large capex projects and reviews the carbon emissions impact of all proposals
- ResponsibleSteel and IRMA certification program to drive strong, consistent ESG management systems across business

ArcelorMittal Board

9 meetings (2022) with 100% Average Attendance rate 10 members



* Appointments, Remuneration and corporate Governance Committee



ArcelorMittal's XCarb® offer of low carbon emissions steel solutions



2020: Launch of XCarb[®] green steel certificates

- For steel made in blast furnace route
- Based on mass balancing
- CO_2 savings from reducing fossil coal
- Available in all products and grades

Recycled and renewably produced

2021: Launch of XCarb[®] recycled and renewably produced

- Physical decarbonised steel made in electric arc furnace

- Using 100% renewable

energy

- High recycled content

From 2026: New XCarb[®] products to be launched

XCarb[®]

- Physical decarbonised steel

- Based on direct reduced iron technology

More low-carbon emissions XCarb[®] solutions will be launched as new decarbonisation technologies are deployed



Gender Diversity: Target to double women in management to 25% by 2030

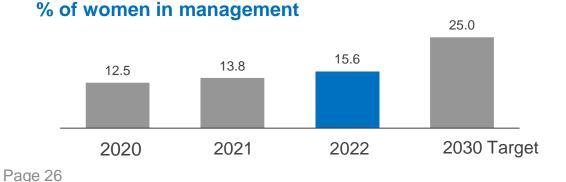
- Women make up higher % of our workforce vs industry peers
- Target to double % of women in our leadership positions
- Global Diversity and Inclusion (D&I) Panel in place overseeing and steering the Group towards a more inclusive and diverse organisation
- Robust D&I roadmap (engaging leaders, strengthening governance & developing group wide programs)

Key 3Q'23 Updates:

- o Inclusive leadership training for senior management
- Diversity and inclusion dashboard in place to ensure close follow up on key progress and actions needed
- Continued partnership with schools and universities to strengthen female talent pipeline









ArcelorMittal - Diverse talent enables smarter steel - our women

ArcelorMittal's Gender Diversity <u>video</u>



Financials & macro

3Q'23 financial performance impacted by weaker steel segment results

- Steel performance: Negative price-cost effect across all divisions and lower shipments (Europe primarily impacted by seasonality incl. weaker construction-related demand)
- Mining performance: Higher iron ore prices (+3.1%) offset by lower iron ore shipments (-1.6%)
- Solid JV performance: Includes \$0.3bn share of JV and associates income reflecting good performance at AMNS India
- Cash-flow performance: 3Q'23 FCF¹ neutral despite \$0.3bn working capital investment
- Balance sheet remains strong: Period end net debt of \$4.3bn (vs. \$4.5bn as at Jun 30, 2023); strong liquidity of \$11.8bn²

EBITDA (\$bn) and EBITDA/t (\$/t)







Challenging market backdrop...Steel spreads unsustainably low

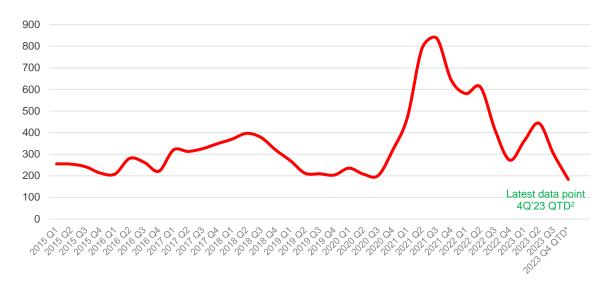


ArcelorMittal weighted PMI¹

We are experiencing real demand weakness

- Business confidence has deteriorated as the year progressed
- Residential construction and machinery end markets are weak
- Automotive relatively better but impacted by US UAW strikes
- System inventories low, but higher imports have impacted the supply/demand equilibrium

Northern Europe dom. EXW Ruhr \$/t (HRC spread, qtr av.)



Spot steel spreads are not sustainable \rightarrow expected to recover:

- Chinese domestic steel spreads are unsustainability low according to MySteel data the majority of the China steel industry has been loss making for several months; elevated exports are transmitting this impact onto other regions
- European steel spreads exceptionally low, eating into the cost curve
- Spreads unsustainable, leading to production cuts



Trade policy in core markets EU/NA to provide protection

Europe:

- Anti-dumping (AD) duties in place since 2017 HRC against China, Brazil, Russia, Iran and anti-subsidy (AS) duties against China. On 8th June 2023 the AD and AS measures against China were renewed for a further 5 years, whereas the other measures are currently the subject of an expiry review initiated by the Commission.
- On Dec 2, 2022, the EC initiated a fundamental review into the EU steel safeguard measures. The Commission considered whether to maintain the measures until the originally foreseen end date of June 30, 2024, or if they should be terminated a year early on June 30, 2023. The Commission concluded that there was no reason to prematurely terminate the measures and they remain in place until June 2024. Due to European sanctions on Russia and Belarus, the quotas for the two countries have already been redistributed across other third countries.
- Aug 12, 2022, the EU imposed AD duties on imports of Turkish & Russian HDG coils (non-auto).
- Oct 27, 2022, the Commission renewed AD measures against CRC from China and Russia for a further 5 years.
- Nov 16, 2022, the Commission renewed AD duties against ECCS from China for a further 5 years.
- Feb 8, 2023, Commission opened an AD expiry review into CRS imports from China.
- May 18, 2023, the Commission renewed AD measures against Heavy Plate imports from China for a further 5 years.
- May 28, 2023, the Commission renewed AD measures on Belarusian Rebar imports for a further 5 years.

United States:

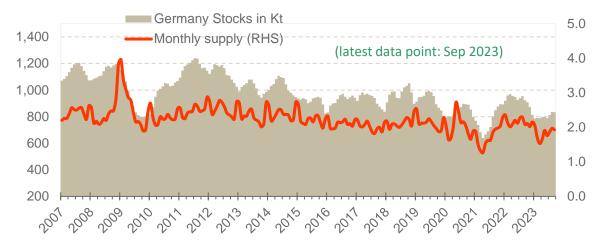
- All key flat rolled steel products AD/CVD measures have been implemented; 5-year reviews conducted in 2022 – measures continued on corrosion-resistant, cold-rolled, and hot-rolled steel, and cut-to-length steel plate
- Section 232 implemented March 23, 2018; 25% tariffs and/or quotas/tariff-rate quotas on all steel product categories on most countries (except Canada, Mexico, Australia)
 - On Jan 1, 2022, the US replaced the existing Section 232 tariffs on EU steel with a Tariff-rate Quota (TRQ.) The total annual import volume under the TRQ is set at 3.3Mt allocated by product category and on an EU member state basis. Only steel "melted and poured" in the EU is eligible for duty-free treatment. Imports above the TRQ volumes will continue to be subject to the 25% tariff. An additional 1.1Mt of products previously excluded from Section 232 tariffs will also be allowed to continue duty-free.
 - Tariff-rate quotas arrangements with Japan and the UK were also agreed and implemented in 2Q 2022
 - Tariffs on steel imports from Ukraine have been suspended since May 2022. In May 2023, that suspension was extended to include products made in the EU from steel melted and poured in Ukraine, which will not be counted against the in-quota volume of the EU's tariff rate quotas

Canada:

- Thirteen cold-rolled and corrosion-resistant AD/CVD measures implemented 2018-2020
- Hot-rolled AD/CVD 5-year review initiated in 2H'21 (China, Brazil, Ukraine, India); measures continued on all countries except Ukraine
- Nineteen rebar AD/CVD measures implemented 2015 2021, with 10 measures continued in two separate 5-year reviews in 2020 and 2022

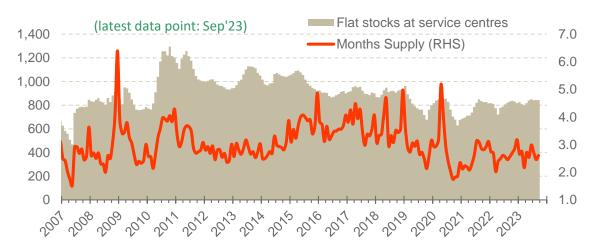


Regional inventory

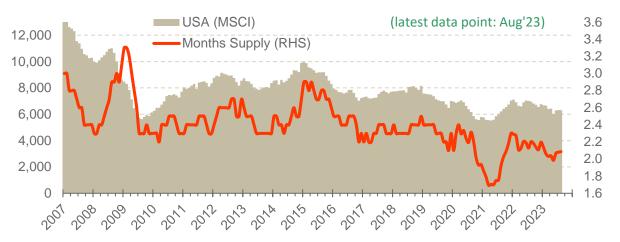


German inventories (000 Mt)*

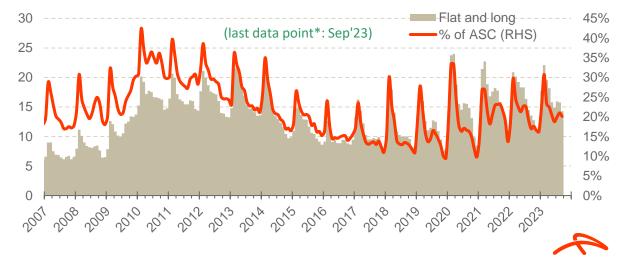
Brazil service centre inventories (000 Mt)



US service centre steel inventories (000 Mt)



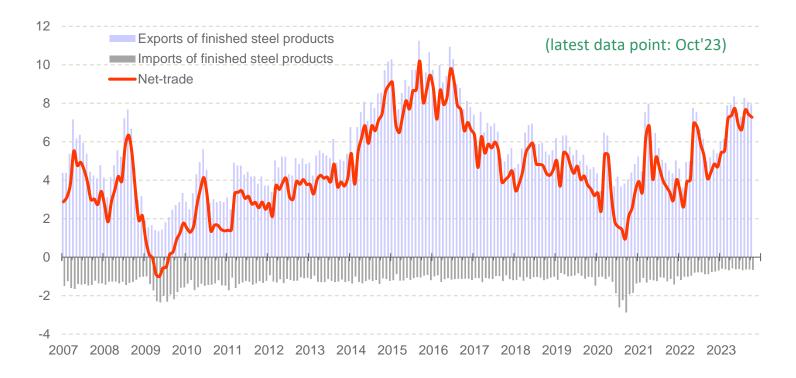
China steel inventories (warehouse)* (Mt/mth) with ASC%



ArcelorMittal

China net exports

China net trade exports¹ million Mt



- Oct'23 finished steel net exports of 7.3Mt vs.
 7.4Mt in Sept'23 (-2% MoM and +66% YoY)
- 10M'23 YTD at 69.1Mt vs. Oct'22 YTD 47.3Mt (+46% YoY)
- 3Q'23 finished steel net exports of 21.7Mt vs. 22.0Mt 2Q'23 (-1% QoQ)
- 10M'23 annualized finished steel net exports of 82.9Mt vs. FY'22 of 56.9Mt

Policy:

 China has cancelled the 13% export tax rebate on commodity grades of steel (HRC, rebar) as of May 1, 2021 → less incentive to export

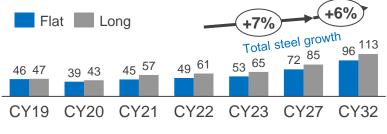


JV and associates

India's significant growth potential; AMNS India expansion performing well

| | | | • |
|--|--|--|---------------------------|
| Significant steel demand growth | Significant steel demand per capita over the last two decades driven by Government expenditure and steady economic growth Per-capita steel consumption of 81kgs lower than global average of ~230kgs indicating significant room for growth India steel demand to double by 2032 from 2022 levels (110Mt to >200Mt) | Flat Long 46 47 39 43 45 5 CY19 CY20 CY2 | |
| Strong business performance | Established status as a service and quality leader → Premium supplier of high-quality steel → record shipment in 3Q'23 Enhanced profitability → higher earnings from growing core asset base (steel, mining), supplemented with contribution from stable ancillary assets Strong cashflow: Cash needs of ~\$0.3bn → business able to consistently generate significant FCF | 0.2 3Q'22 | DA (\$bn) 0.6 2Q'23 |
| Significant growth | Growth from 8.6Mt to 15Mt (Phase 1A) by 2026; option to 20Mt (Phase 1B); Phase 2 greenfield (flat/long) in Paradeep / Kendrapara AMNS India expansion plans on track → Ongoing debottlenecking and Phase 1 upstream/downstream expansion progressing well in Hazira → 20,000 contractors mobilized on the ground | Hazira expansion | |

Indian steel demand (longs/flats) 2019-2032 Mt



n)





Calvert: 1.5Mt EAF project progressing

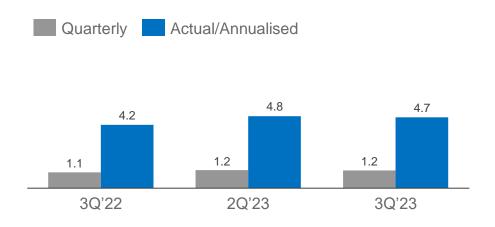
Profitability improved in 3Q'23

 EBITDA during 3Q'23 of \$105m represented a decline vs. \$142m in 2Q'23 primarily due to a negative price cost effect

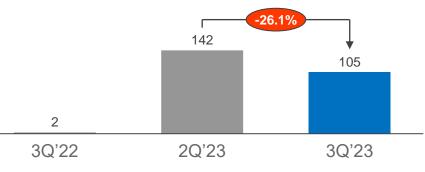
Construction of new 1.5Mt EAF & caster

- JV to invest c.\$1bn¹ for an on-site steelmaking facility (produce slabs for the existing operations, replacing part of purchased slabs).
- Project completion now expected 2H'24
- Secures a reliable slab supply (USMCA compliant) → On-demand casting to meet customer orders within competitive lead times
- Enhanced mill performance: hot charging of steel slabs into HSM
- Plan includes option to add further capacity at lower capex intensity

Hot strip mill production (Mt)



EBITDA² performance (\$m)





1. Capex required to conclude the project has increased due to enlarged scope and inflation; 2. EBITDA of Calvert presented here on a 100% basis as a stand-alone business and in accordance with the Company's policy, applying the weighted average method of accounting for inventory



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